

Resource

DME Documentation Requirements

Wheelchairs

Standard Manual Wheelchair Criteria

- 1. The patient cannot use a cane or a walker for mobility and why (include diagnosis).
- 2. The patient requires a wheelchair to complete mobility-related ADLS (: toileting, feeding, dressing, grooming, bathing, etc.).
- 3. The patient is able/willing to propel the wheelchair.

A caregiver is present and can propel the wheelchair.

- 4. The hallways and doorways in the home are adequate in width to allow a wheelchair to pass through.
- 5. Timeframe of need: lifetime or a specified amount of time.
- 6. Size wheelchair needed: 18 inches is standard; 16 inches is narrow; 20 inches is small bariatric.
- 7. Height and weight within the last 30 days.

Hemi Wheelchair

Standard Manual Wheelchair Criteria met AND one of the following:

- a. Lower seat height (17" to 18") required due to short stature.
- b. Patient needs to place feet on the ground for propulsion.

Lightweight Wheelchair

Standard Manual wheelchair criteria met AND both of the following:

- a. Unable to self-propel in standard chair.
- b. Able to self-propel in lightweight chair.

Heavy Duty Wheelchair

Standard manual wheelchair criteria met AND one of the following:

- a. Weight over 250 lb,
- b. Severe spasticity.

Extra Heavy Duty Wheelchair

Standard wheelchair criteria met AND weight over 300 lbs.

Notes

- Case Management will complete a wheelchair packet that includes measurements of the patient and the household doors.
- Wheelchairs are expected to last five years. If a new one is needed sooner, Medicaid will not pay for it.
- Physical Therapy typically stocks standard manual wheelchairs only.
- Other size wheelchairs (hemi, lightweight, heavy duty, etc.) must be ordered from Prodigy by the case managers.
- Custom wheelchairs (e.g. electric) require referral to National Seating and Mobility Clinic (at Providence). Talk to case manager.
- Transport wheelchairs are not covered by Medicaid or provided by Prodigy, but can be shopped for online.

Commode

Standard Commode Requirements

- 1. Patient is physically incapable of utilizing toilet facilities. This would occur in the following situations:
- a. The patient is confined to a single room (confinement to a single room means the patient is bedridden, cannot walk with a cane or walker, or cannot use or be wheeled in a wheelchair to access the bathroom).
 - b. The patient is confined to one level of the home environment and there is no toilet on that level.
 - c. The patient is confined to the home and there are no toilet facilities in the home.
- 2. Height and Weight within 30 days of prescription.

Extra Wide/Heavy Duty Commode Chair

Patient meets standard commode requirements AND weight >300 lbs documented in medical record within 30 days.

Drop-Arm Commode

Patient meets standard commode requirements AND detachable arms feature is necessary to facilitate transferring the patient OR the patient has a body configuration that requires extra width.

A commode is NOT covered by Medicare for the following conditions/situations:

- · Urinary urgency or incontinence.
- · Slow gait and cannot get to the bathroom in a timely manner.
 - Patient is able to walk with or without an assistive device, are able to use a wheelchair in the home, and are able to get to the bathroom.

Semi Electric Hospital Bed

One or more of the following criteria

- a. Medical condition which requires positioning of the body in ways not feasible with an ordinary bed.
- b. Requires positioning of the body in order to alleviate pain.
- c. Requires head of bed to be elevated more than 30 degrees most of the time due to congestive heart failure, chronic pulmonary disease, or problems with aspiration.
 - d. Requires traction equipment, which can only be attached to a hospital bed.
 - e. Requires frequent changes in body position and/or has an immediate need for a change in body

positions (i.e. a patient has large or multiple pressure ulcers on the trunk or pelvis and needs to be repositioned frequently and is unable to do so without assistance; or the patient has limited strength to move or shift their body).

> This guideline is designed for the general use of most patients but may need to be adapted to meet the special needs of a specific patient as determined by the medical practitioner. Approved by Clinical Guideline Committee 12/9/22 If comments about this guideline, please contact Clinical Guidelines@ykhc.org.