

## Clinical Guideline

## **Psychiatric Hospitalizations**

## Non-Psychiatric Medical Needs

At time of transfer to psychiatric service, family medicine hospitalist will write non-psychiatric prescriptions (example: antibiotics, iron, etc.) via Med Rec and non-psychiatric follow-up plans (example: Depo in three months) under Patient Education and Follow-up.

Care proceeds per hospital protocols until

ready for discharge.

If at any time, patient

requests to leave, does

psychiatry staff

determine that criteria

for MC-105 are met?

Yes

Onsite Psych Provider completes MC-105.

Psychiatry onsite provider and attending

psychiatric physician complete the MC-100

and send to courts within 18 hours of

request to leave.

- Family medicine hospitalist has admitted psychiatric patient to the hospital and addressed non-psychiatric medical needs (see box).
- Patient has been medically cleared.
- Psychiatric service assumes care.

physician feels patient is still in

need of inpatient care, patient

Discharge process (see box)

should be discharged AMA.

should be followed.

Is admission voluntary or involuntary?

Voluntary

Onsite Psych Provider confirms MC-100 has been completed and sent to court...

• If attending psychiatric

**Definitions** 

- BHES: Behavioral Health Emergency Services
- MC-100: Petition for Order Authorizing Hospitalization for Evaluation. Must be confirmed by a judge.
- MC-105: Notice of Emergency Detention and Application for Evaluation, often referred to as "Title 47." May be completed by law enforcement or physician.

Criteria: Is the patient any of the following?

- 1. Threat to self
- 2. Threat to others

Judge

orders

release.

3. Gravely disabled

See <u>Involuntary Psychiatric Admissions</u> guideline for more details.

If the patient stabilizes at any time per the attending psychiatric physician's assessment (with input from the entire treatment team), psychiatry completes MC-412 and submits to the court. The patient may be discharged after the discharge process and discharge orders are completed.

Attending psychiatric physician

is notified of judge order.

Discharge process (see box) is followed.

Psychiatric onsite provider specifies in

orders,"as ordered by judge."

## Discharge Process

- Psych RN & BHES complete the discharge process.
- Psychiatric care coordinator arranges outpatient appointment for day following discharge as well as the day 3 BHES safety check assessment.
- BHES complete discharge safety plan with the patient prior to discharge.
- Discharge orders are entered by psychiatric provider.
- The YK Psychiatry inpatient post discharge intensive outpatient care plan is initiated.

Psychiatry on site provider tells the patient their <u>rights</u> verbally and provides a written description of the YK commitment process.

Psychiatry staff testify at court per standard process.

Judge orders continued stay.

- Patient must be transferred to a facility with a higher level of care.
- BHES notifies the accepting unit and sends/emails the required documentation (H&P, lab results, etc.).

BHES tracks timing of transfer to the accepting facility and updates psychiatry unit treatment team each morning in daily report.

Once a transfer date is determined, BHES completes the WEKA travel paperwork and arranges for travel.

- · Psych RN & BHES complete the transfer process.
- Discharge orders are entered by psychiatric provider.

This guideline is designed for the general use of most patients but may need to be adapted to meet the special needs of a specific patient as determined by the medical practitioner.

Approved by Clinical Guideline Committee 2/9/24. Click here to see the supplemental resources for this guideline.

If comments about this guideline, please contact Clinical\_Guidelines@ykhc.org.